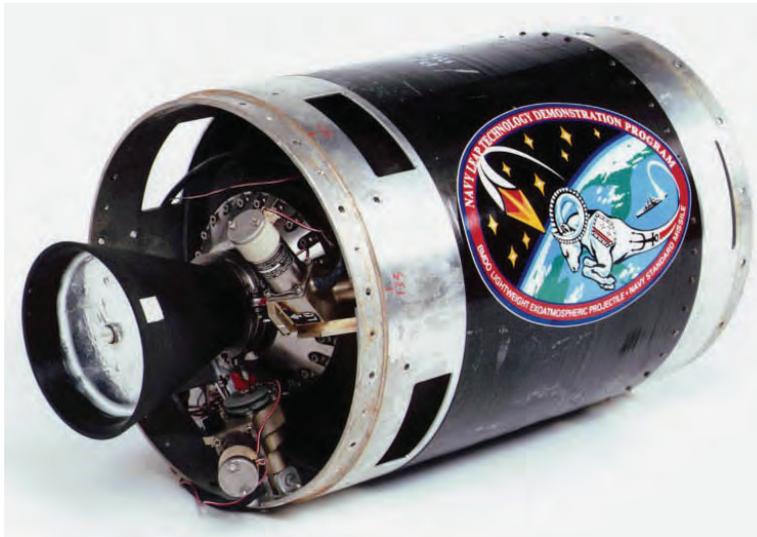
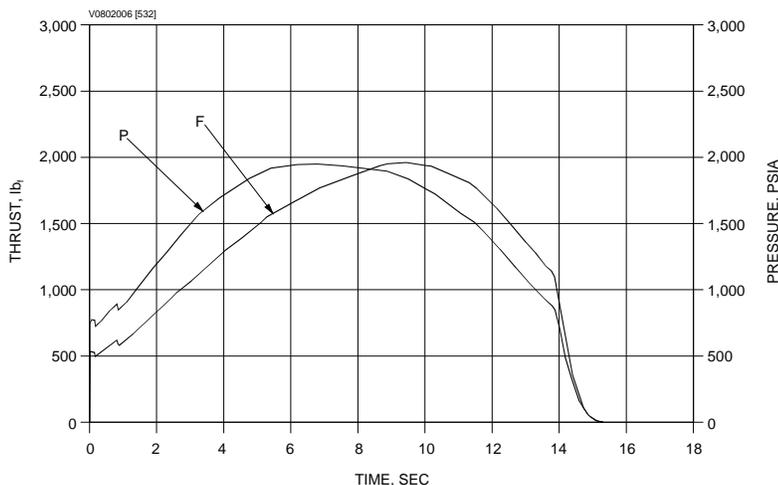


STAR 12GV

TE-M-951



The STAR 12GV rocket motor served as the third stage of the U.S. Navy/MDA Terrier Lightweight Exoatmospheric Projectile (LEAP) experiments. The motor first flew in March 1995. The stage has TVC capability, head-end flight destruct ordnance, and utilizes a graphite-epoxy composite case. It is compatible with an aft-end attitude control system (ACS) module. Orbital ATK developed the motor design and component technology between 1992 and 1995 under the Advanced Solid Axial Stage (ASAS) program.



MOTOR DIMENSIONS

Motor diameter, in.....	12.24
Motor length, in.....	22.5

MOTOR PERFORMANCE (70°F VACUUM)

Burn time/action time, sec.....	13.9/14.8
Ignition delay time, sec.....	0.02
Burn time average chamber pressure, psia.....	1,550
Maximum chamber pressure, psia.....	1,950
Total impulse, lbf-sec.....	20,669
Propellant specific impulse, lbf-sec/lbm.....	284.7
Effective specific impulse, lbf-sec/lbm.....	282.4
Burn time average thrust, lbf.....	1,455
Maximum thrust, lbf.....	1,980

NOZZLE

Initial throat diameter, in.....	0.691
Exit diameter, in.....	5.26
Expansion ratio, initial.....	58:1
TVC angle, deg.....	± 5 deg

WEIGHTS*, LBM

Total loaded.....	92.5
Propellant.....	72.6
Case assembly.....	14.3
Nozzle assembly.....	4.5
Total inert.....	19.8
Burnout.....	19.2
Propellant mass fraction.....	0.79

TEMPERATURE LIMITS

Operation.....	40°-95°F
Storage.....	0°-130°F

PROPELLANT DESIGNATION

.....TP-H-3340A

CASE MATERIAL

.....GRAPHITE-EPOXY COMPOSITE

PRODUCTION STATUS

.....FLIGHT-PROVEN

*Includes actuators and cables only. Battery and controller weights and ACS are not included

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